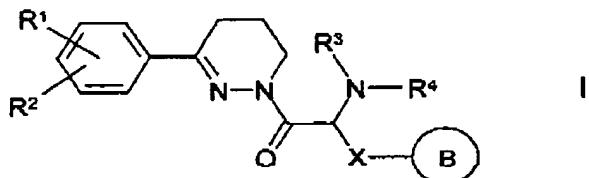


This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula I



in which

$R^1$  and  $R^2$  are each, independently of one another, H, OH, OR<sup>8</sup>, -SR<sup>8</sup>, -SOR<sup>8</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup> or Hal,

$R^1$  and  $R^2$  together are alternatively -OCH<sub>2</sub>O- or -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-,

$R^3$  is H, A"R<sup>9</sup>, COA"R<sup>9</sup>, COOA"R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA"R<sup>9</sup>, CON(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A"R<sup>9</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA"R<sup>9</sup>, N(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A"R<sup>9</sup>), NCOA"R<sup>9</sup> or NCOOA"R<sup>9</sup>,

$R^4$  is H, A"R<sup>9</sup>, COA"R<sup>9</sup>, COOA"R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA"R<sup>9</sup> or CON(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A"R<sup>9</sup>),

B is an aromatic isocyclic or heterocyclic radical, which may be unsubstituted or monosubstituted, disubstituted or trisubstituted by  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$  and/or  $R^7$ ,

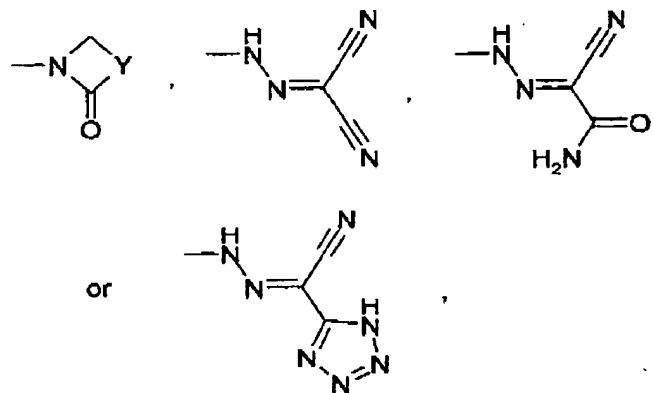
X is alkylene having 1-10 carbon atoms or alkenylene having 2-8 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH or NA"R<sup>9</sup>,

1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,

and/or 1 or 2 H atoms may be replaced by  $R^{11}$  and/or  $R^{12}$ ,

$R^5$ ,  $R^6$

and  $R^7$  are each, independently of one another, H, A"R<sup>9</sup>, OH, OA"R<sup>9</sup>, NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA"R<sup>9</sup>, N(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A"R<sup>9</sup>), NHCOA"R<sup>9</sup>, NHCOOA"R<sup>9</sup>, NHCONH<sub>2</sub>, NHCONHA"R<sup>9</sup>, NHCON(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A"R<sup>9</sup>), Hal, COOH, COOA"R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA"R<sup>9</sup>, CON(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A"R<sup>9</sup>),



$R^8$  is A, cycloalkyl having 3-7 carbon atoms or alkylene cycloalkyl having 4-8 carbon atoms,

$R^9$  is H, COOH, COOA, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA, CONAA', NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA, NAA', NCOA, NCOOA, OH, OA, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-aryl or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-Het,

$R^{10}$  is alkyl having 1-10 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3-7 carbon atoms, alkylene cycloalkyl having 4-8 carbon atoms or alkenyl having 2-8 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH, NMe, NEt and/or by -CH=CH- groups, 1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl, and/or 1 H atom may be replaced by  $R^9$ ,

$R^{11}$  is H, A, COOA''R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA''R<sup>9</sup>, CON(A''R<sup>9</sup>)(A''R<sup>9</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA''R<sup>9</sup>, N(A''R<sup>9</sup>)(A''R<sup>9</sup>), NCOA''R<sup>9</sup>, NCOOA''R<sup>9</sup>, OH or OA''R<sup>9</sup>,

$R^{12}$  is H, A, COOA''R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA''R<sup>9</sup> or CON(A''R<sup>9</sup>)(A''R<sup>9</sup>),

$Y$  is alkylene having 1-10 carbon atoms or alkenylene having 2-8 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH or NR<sup>10</sup> and/or 1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,

$A$  and  $A'$  are each, independently of one another, alkyl having 1-10 carbon atoms or alkenyl having 2-8 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O,

S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH or NR<sup>10</sup> and/or  
 1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,  
 or  
 aryl or Het,

A and A'  
 together are alternatively an alkylene chain having 2-7 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH, NR<sup>10</sup>, NCOR<sup>10</sup> or NCOOR<sup>10</sup>,

A" and A"  
 are each, independently of one another, absent, alkylene having 1-10 carbon atoms, alkenylene having 2-8 carbon atoms or cycloalkylene having 3-7 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH or NR<sup>10</sup> and/or  
 1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,

A" and A"  
 together are alternatively an alkylene chain having 2-7 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH, NR<sup>10</sup>, NCOR<sup>10</sup> or NCOOR<sup>10</sup>,

aryl  
 is phenyl, naphthyl, fluorenyl or biphenyl, each of which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted, disubstituted or trisubstituted by Hal, R<sup>14</sup>, OR<sup>13</sup>, N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, COOR<sup>13</sup>, CON(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>13</sup>COR<sup>13</sup>, NR<sup>13</sup>CON(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>13</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>A, COR<sup>13</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub> or S(O)<sub>m</sub>R<sup>14</sup>,

R<sup>13</sup>  
 is H or alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>14</sup>  
 is alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms,

Het  
 is a monocyclic or bicyclic saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic ring having 1 or 2 N, O and/or S atoms, which may be unsubstituted or monosubstituted or disubstituted by oxo group, Hal, R<sup>14</sup>, OR<sup>13</sup>, N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, COOR<sup>13</sup>, CON(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>13</sup>COR<sup>13</sup>, NR<sup>13</sup>CON(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>13</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>14</sup>, COR<sup>13</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>13</sup> and/or S(O)<sub>m</sub>R<sup>14</sup>,

Hal  
 is F, Cl, Br or I,

m  
 is 0, 1 or 2, and

n  
 is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4,

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug~~, solvate or a stereoisomer thereof.

2. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1, in which R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are each, independently of one another, H, methoxy, ethoxy, benzyloxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, difluoromethoxy, F, Cl, cyclopentyloxy, cyclohexyloxy or cycloheptyloxy, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug~~, ~~solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.

3. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1, in which R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are each, independently of one another, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, cyclopentyloxy or F, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug~~, ~~solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.

4. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1, in which R<sup>1</sup> is 4-methoxy, and R<sup>2</sup> is 3-ethoxy, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug~~, ~~solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.

5. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1, in which R<sup>3</sup> is H, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug~~, ~~solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.

6. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1, in which R<sup>3</sup> is H, COO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-aryl, COA'H, COOA'H, A'NAA', A'-aryl or A'Het, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug~~, ~~solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.

7. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1, in which X is methylene, ethylene, propylene or butylene, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug~~, ~~solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.

8. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1, in which

B is phenyl, pyridyl, pyridyl N-oxide, thienyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, triazinyl, isoxazolinyl, oxazolinyl, thiazolinyl, pyrazolinyl, imidazolinyl, naphthyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, cinnolinyl, phthalazinyl, quinazolinyl or quinoxalinyl, each of which is unsubstituted or may be monosubstituted, disubstituted or trisubstituted by OH, OA, NH<sub>2</sub>, NAA', O-alkylene-NAA' or O-alkylene-OH,  
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, prodrug, solvate or a stereoisomer thereof.

9. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1,

in which

B is phenyl which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by OR<sup>13</sup>, N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, O-alkylene-N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub> or O-alkylene-OH, or unsubstituted pyridyl,  
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, prodrug, solvate or a stereoisomer thereof.

10. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1,

in which

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are each, independently of one another, H, methoxy, ethoxy, benzyloxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, difluoromethoxy, F, Cl, cyclopentyloxy, cyclohexyloxy or cycloheptyloxy,

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> together are alternatively -OCH<sub>2</sub>O- or -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-,

R<sup>3</sup> is H, A"R<sup>9</sup>, COA"R<sup>9</sup>, COOA"R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA"R<sup>9</sup>, CON(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A"R<sup>9</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA"R<sup>9</sup>, N(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A"R<sup>9</sup>), NCOA"R<sup>9</sup> or NCOOA"R<sup>9</sup>,

R<sup>4</sup> is H,

X is methylene, ethylene, propylene or butylene,

A" and A"" are each, independently of one another, absent or alkylene having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, and

R<sup>9</sup> is H, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-aryl or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>Het,

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, prodrug, solvate or a stereoisomer thereof.

11. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1,

in which

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are each, independently of one another, H, methoxy, ethoxy, benzyloxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, difluoromethoxy, F, Cl, cyclopentyloxy,

**R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup>**      cyclohexyloxy or cycloheptyloxy,  
                   together are alternatively -OCH<sub>2</sub>O- or -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-,  
**R<sup>3</sup>**      is H, A"R<sup>9</sup>, COA"R<sup>9</sup>, COOA"R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA"R<sup>9</sup>, CON(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A'"R<sup>9</sup>),  
                   NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA"R<sup>9</sup>, N(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A'"R<sup>9</sup>), NCOA"R<sup>9</sup> or NCOOA"R<sup>9</sup>,  
**R<sup>4</sup>**      is H,  
**X**      is methylene, ethylene, propylene or butylene,  
**A" and A'"**      are each, independently of one another, absent or alkylene having 1, 2, 3 or  
                   4 carbon atoms,  
**R<sup>9</sup>**      is H, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-aryl or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>Het,  
**aryl**      is phenyl, naphthyl, fluorenly or biphenyl, each of which is unsubstituted or  
                   mono-substituted by OR<sup>13</sup>,  
**R<sup>13</sup>**      is H or alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms,  
**Het**      is pyridyl, pyridyl N-oxide, thienyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl,  
                   pyrazinyl, triazinyl, isoxazolinyl, oxazolinyl, thiazolinyl, pyrazolinyl,  
                   imidazolinyl, naphthyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, cinnolinyl, phthalazinyl,  
                   quinazolinyl or quinoxalinyl, and  
**B**      is phenyl which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by OR<sup>13</sup>, N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, O-  
                   alkylene-N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub> or O-alkylene-OH, or unsubstituted pyridyl,  
                   or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug~~ solvate or a stereoisomer thereof.

12. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1,

in which

**R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup>**      are each, independently of one another, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy or  
                   isopropoxy,  
**R<sup>3</sup>**      is H, fluorenlymethyloxycarbonyl, acetyl, tert-butyloxycarbonyl,  
                   benzyloxycarbonyl, N,N-dimethylaminoethyl, benzyl or pyridylmethyl,  
**R<sup>4</sup>**      is H,  
**X**      is methylene, ethylene, propylene or butylene,  
**R<sup>13</sup>**      is H or alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms,  
**Het**      is pyridyl, and  
**B**      is phenyl which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by OR<sup>13</sup>, N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, O-  
                   alkylene-N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub> or O-alkylene-OH, or unsubstituted pyridyl;  
                   or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug~~ solvate or a stereoisomer thereof.

13. (Original) A compound according to Claim 1, which is

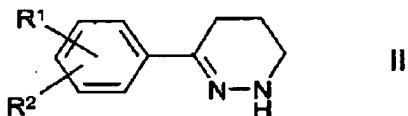
- a) benzyl {1-(1S)-(4-tert-butoxybenzyl)-2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2-oxoethyl} carbamate,
- b) benzyl {2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-1-(1S)-(4-hydroxybenzyl)-2-oxoethyl} carbamate,
- c) 2-(2S)-amino-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-3-[4-(2-hydroxyethoxy)phenyl]propan-1-one,
- d) 3-[4-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-2-(2S)-(2-dimethylaminoethylamino)-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]propan-1-one,
- e) 2-(2S)-amino-3-[4-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]propan-1-one,
- f) 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl {1-(1S)-(4-tert-butoxybenzyl)-2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2-oxoethyl} carbamate,
- g) 2-(2S)-amino-3-(4-tert-butoxyphenyl)-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]propan-1-one,
- h) 2-(2S)-amino-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propan-1-one,
- i) 2-(2S)-benzylamino-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propan-1-one,
- j) 1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2-(2S)-[(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino]propan-1-one,
- k) tert-butyl {1-(1R)-(4-methoxybenzyl)-2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2-oxoethyl} carbamate,
- l) tert-butyl {1-(1S)-(4-methoxybenzyl)-2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2-oxoethyl} carbamate,
- m) N-{1-(1S)-(4-tert-butoxybenzyl)-2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2-oxoethyl} acetamide,
- n) N-[2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-1-(1S)-(4-hydroxybenzyl)-2-oxoethyl]acetamide,
- o) tert-butyl {2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2-oxo-1-(1R)-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)ethyl} carbamate,
- p) 2-(2R)-amino-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-

3-pyridin-3-ylpropan-1-one,  
 q) tert-butyl {2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2-oxo-1-(1R)-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)ethyl}carbamate, or  
 r) 2-(2R)-amino-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-3-pyridin-4-ylpropan-1-one,  
 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, prodrug, solvate or a stereoisomer thereof.

## 14. (Cancelled)

15. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of claim 1 or a salt or solvate thereof, comprising

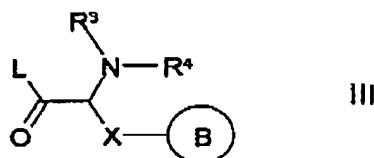
a) reacting a compound of formula II



in which

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are as defined in Claim 1,

with a compound of formula III



in which

L is Cl, Br, I or a free or reactively functionally modified OH group,

and R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, X and B are as defined in Claim 1,

with the proviso that any further OH and/or amino group present is protected, and subsequently, optionally, a protecting group is removed,

or

b) one or more radicals R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup> and/or B in a compound of the formula I are

converted into one or more other radicals R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup> and/or B by

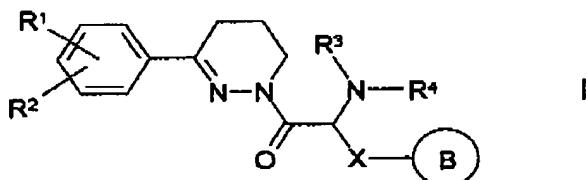
- i) cleaving an ether or ester,
- ii) alkylating or acylating an OH function,
- iii) reductively alkylating an amino group,

and/or a basic compound of formula I is converted into one of its salts by treatment with an acid.

16. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound according to Claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, prodrug, solvate or a stereoisomer thereof and one or more excipients and/or adjuvants.

17-26 (Cancelled)

27. (New) A compound of formula I



in which

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are each, independently of one another, H, OH, OR<sup>8</sup>, -SR<sup>8</sup>, -SOR<sup>8</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup> or Hal,

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> together are alternatively -OCH<sub>2</sub>O- or -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-,

R<sup>3</sup> is H, A<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, COA<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, COOA<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, CON(A<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)(A<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, N(A<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)(A<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>), NCOA<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup> or NCOOA<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>,

R<sup>4</sup> is H, A<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, COA<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, COOA<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup> or CON(A<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>)(A<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>),

B is an aromatic isocyclic or heterocyclic radical, which may be unsubstituted or monosubstituted, disubstituted or trisubstituted by R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup> and/or R<sup>7</sup>,

X is alkylene having 1-10 carbon atoms or alkenylene having 2-8 carbon atoms,

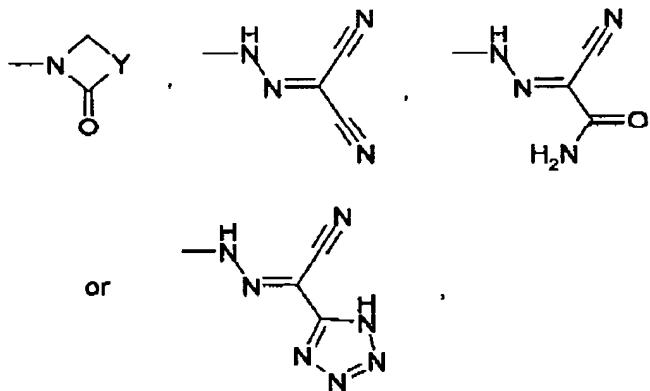
in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH or NA<sup>9</sup>R<sup>9</sup>,

1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,  
and/or 1 or 2 H atoms may be replaced by R<sup>11</sup> and/or R<sup>12</sup>,

R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>

and R<sup>7</sup>

are each, independently of one another, H, A"R<sup>9</sup>, OH, OA"R<sup>9</sup>, NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA"R<sup>9</sup>, N(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A"R<sup>9</sup>), NHCOA"R<sup>9</sup>, NHCOOA"R<sup>9</sup>, NHCONH<sub>2</sub>, NHCONHA"R<sup>9</sup>, NHCON(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A"R<sup>9</sup>), Hal, COOH, COOA"R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA"R<sup>9</sup>, CON(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A"R<sup>9</sup>),



R<sup>8</sup> is A, cycloalkyl having 3-7 carbon atoms or alkylene cycloalkyl having 4-8 carbon atoms,

R<sup>9</sup> is H, COOH, COOA, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA, CONAA', NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA, NAA', NCOA, NCOOA, OH, OA, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-aryl or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>Het,

R<sup>10</sup> is alkyl having 1-10 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3-7 carbon atoms, alkylene cycloalkyl having 4-8 carbon atoms or alkenyl having 2-8 carbon atoms,

in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH, NMe, NEt and/or by -CH=CH- groups,

1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,  
and/or 1 H atom may be replaced by R<sup>9</sup>,

R<sup>11</sup> is H, A, COOA"R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA"R<sup>9</sup>, CON(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A"R<sup>9</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA"R<sup>9</sup>, N(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A"R<sup>9</sup>), NCOA"R<sup>9</sup>, NCOOA"R<sup>9</sup>, OH or OA"R<sup>9</sup>,

R<sup>12</sup> is H, A, COOA"R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA"R<sup>9</sup> or CON(A"R<sup>9</sup>)(A"R<sup>9</sup>),

**Y** is alkylene having 1-10 carbon atoms or alkenylene having 2-8 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>,

NH or NR<sup>10</sup> and/or

1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,

**A** and **A'** are each, independently of one another, alkyl having 1-10 carbon atoms or alkenyl having 2-8 carbon atoms,

in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O,

S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH or NR<sup>10</sup> and/or

1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,

or

aryl or Het,

**A** and **A'** together are alternatively an alkylene chain having 2-7 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH, NR<sup>10</sup>, NCOR<sup>10</sup> or NCOOR<sup>10</sup>.

**A''** and **A'''** are each, independently of one another, absent, alkylene having 1-10 carbon atoms, alkenylene having 2-8 carbon atoms or cycloalkylene having 3-7 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH or NR<sup>10</sup> and/or 1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,

**A''** and **A'''** together are alternatively an alkylene chain having 2-7 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH, NR<sup>10</sup>, NCOR<sup>10</sup> or NCOOR<sup>10</sup>,

**aryl** is phenyl, naphthyl, fluorenyl or biphenyl, each of which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted, disubstituted or trisubstituted by Hal, R<sup>14</sup>, OR<sup>13</sup>, N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, COOR<sup>13</sup>, CON(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>13</sup>COR<sup>13</sup>, NR<sup>13</sup>CON(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>13</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>A, COR<sup>13</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub> or S(O)<sub>m</sub>R<sup>14</sup>,

**R**<sup>13</sup> is H or alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms,

**R**<sup>14</sup> is alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms,

**Het** is a monocyclic or bicyclic saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic ring having 1 or 2 N, O and/or S atoms, which may be unsubstituted or monosubstituted or disubstituted by oxo group, Hal, R<sup>14</sup>,

OR<sup>13</sup>, N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, COOR<sup>13</sup>, CON(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>13</sup>COR<sup>13</sup>,  
NR<sup>13</sup>CON(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>13</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>14</sup>, COR<sup>13</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>13</sup> and/or S(O)<sub>m</sub>R<sup>14</sup>,

Hal is F, Cl, Br or I,

m is 0, 1 or 2, and

n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4,

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, prodrug, solvate or a stereoisomer thereof.

**Claim 28 (New) A compound according to claim 27, which is in the form of a solvate.**